CS 3520/6520 Fall 2020 Practice Midterm Exam 1

Name:		
Start time:		
End time:		
Looked up any answer-relevant information on the internet?	yes	no
Ran any programs in DrRacket?	yes	no

Instructions: You have eighty minutes to complete this open-book, open-note exam. Electronic devices are allowed only to consult notes or books from local storage and to obtain/handin the exam. Network use to look up technical information is prohibited, and you can use DrRacket only as an editor (not running any programs).

Taking the exam: Hand in your answers as a PDF at Gradescope. You can print out this document, write on it, and scan it. Or you can use a PDF-annotation tool, "print" that to PDF, and then upload. Or you can write/print/scan separate pages, but please check that your PDF to upload has the same number of pages (in the same order) as this original, and make sure you fill in your name, start and end times, and yes–no questions as above.

1. Given the following grammar:

 $\langle weed \rangle$::= leaf | (branch $\langle weed \rangle \langle weed \rangle$) | (stem $\langle weed \rangle$)

Provide a define-type declaration for Weed that is a suitable representation for (weed)s.

8 points

2. Implement the function weed-forks, which takes a Weed and returns the number 20 points of branches that it contains. Your implementation must follow the shape of the data definitions, and **it must include suitable and sufficient tests**.

For each of the following expressions, show the store that would be returned with the program's value when using the "store-with.rkt" interpreter. Instead of nested "override-store"s, you can show the store as a list of cells. Recall that locations are allocated starting at 1.

3.

9 points

9 points

{box {box {+ 1 2}}}

4.

{let {[b {box {+ 1 2}}]}
 {begin
 {set-box! b 4}
 {box 5}}}

5.

6.

9 points

9 points

Each remaining question shows an expression plus a candidate trace of interp using the "lambda.rkt" implementation. Nesting is not shown at all (either with boxes or indentation or leading > and <), but the trace should show all calls to interp in the right order with the right arguments, and it should show all returns from interp at the right places with the right result values. If interp eventually reports an error, the trace should show *error* at the end of the trace, and without omitting any calls to interp that are made or any result values that are produced by nested calls.

For each question, mark the trace as "correct" if it correctly shows the complete interp trace. For an incorrect interp trace, identify the first place where the trace is wrong (which would be the end if the trace is incomplete) and provide the correct next term—either a full interp call or result value—that should appear at that position.

The actual exam will have fewer of these.

7. $\{+ 2 1\}$ (interp (parse `{+ 2 1}) [1] mt-env) (interp (parse `2) [2] mt-env) [3] = (numV 2) (interp (parse `3) [4] mt-env) [5] = (numV 3) [6] = (numV 5)

8.

{lambda $\{x\}$ 5}

```
[1] (interp (parse `{lambda {x} 5})
mt-env)
[2] = (closV 'x (parse `5) mt-env)
```

9 points

9 points

```
9 points
```

```
{let {[f {lambda {x} {+ x 1}}]}
    {f 10}}
    (interp (parse `{let {{f {lambda {x} {+ x 1}}}}
[1]
                        {f 10}})
             mt-env)
    (interp (parse `{lambda {x} {+ x 1}})
[2]
             mt-env)
[3]
    = V1 = (closV 'x (parse `{+ x 1}) mt-env)
    (interp (parse `{f 10})
[4]
             E1 = (extend-env (bind 'f V1) mt-env))
     (interp (parse `f)
[5]
             E1)
    = V1
[6]
    (interp (parse `10)
[7]
             E1)
    = (numV 10)
[8]
    (interp (parse `{+ x 1})
[9]
             E2 = (extend-env (bind 'x (numV 10)) mt-env))
    (interp (parse `x)
[10]
             E2)
[11] = (numV 10)
[12] (interp (parse `1)
             E2)
[13] = (numV 1)
[14] = (numV \ 11)
[15] = (numV \ 11)
[16] = (numV 11)
```

10.

9.

```
9 points
```

[6] error

9 points

```
{let {[f {lambda {x}}
             \{ lambda \{y\} \{x y\} \} \}
   {{f {lambda {z} z}}
    1}}
[1]
    (interp (parse `{let {{f
                             {lambda {x}
                               \{ lambda \{y\} \{x y\} \} \}
                       \{\{f \{ lambda \{z\} z\} \} \}
             mt-env)
    (interp (parse \{x\} \{x y\}\})
[2]
             mt-env)
    = V1 = (closV 'x (parse `{lambda {y} {x y}}) mt-env)
[3]
    (interp (parse `{{f {lambda {z} z}} 1})
[4]
             E1 = (extend-env (bind 'f V1) mt-env))
    (interp (parse `{f {lambda {z} z}})
[5]
             E1)
    (interp (parse `f)
[6]
             E1)
    = V1
[7]
    (interp (parse `{lambda {z} z})
[8]
             E1)
    = V2 = (closV 'z (parse `z) E1)
[9]
[10] (interp (parse \{x y\}\})
            E2 = (extend-env (bind 'x V2) mt-env))
[11] = V3 = (closV 'y (parse `{x y}) E2)
[12] = V3
[13] (interp (parse `1)
             E1)
[14] = (numV 1)
[15] (interp (parse {x y})
             E3 = (extend-env (bind 'y (numV 1)) E2))
[16]
   (interp (parse `x)
             E3)
[17] = V2
   (interp (parse `y)
[18]
             E3)
[19] = (numV 1)
[20] (interp (parse `z)
             (extend-env (bind 'z (numV 1)) E1))
[21] = (numV 1)
[22] = (numV 1)
[23] = (numV 1)
[24] = (numV 1)
```

11.

7

12. This question is too mean to be on an exam, but if you check every detail, you 9 points should be able to find a mistake. Hint: the number of the step that is wrong is part of the expression for question 6.

```
{let {[f {lambda {x} {* -1 x}}]}
    {+ {f 10} 8}}
    (interp (parse `{let {{f {lambda {x} {* -1 x}}}}
[1]
                        {+ {f 10} 8}})
             mt-env)
    (interp (parse `{lambda {x} {* -1 x})
[2]
             mt-env)
    = V1 = (closV 'x (parse `{* -1 x}) mt-env)
[3]
    (interp (parse `{+ {f 10} 8})
[4]
             E1 = (extend-env (bind 'f V1) mt-env))
    (interp (parse `{f 10})
[5]
             E1)
    (interp (parse `f)
[6]
             E1)
    = V1
[7]
    (interp (parse `10)
[8]
             E1)
    = (numV 10)
[9]
[10]
    (interp (parse `{* -1 x})
             E2 = (extend-env (bind 'x (numV 10)) E1))
    (interp (parse `-1)
[11]
             E2)
[12] = (numV - 1)
[13] (interp (parse `x)
             E2)
[14] = (numV \ 10)
[15] = (numV - 10)
[16] = (numV - 10)
[17] (interp (parse `8)
             E1)
[18] = (numV 8)
[19] = (numV - 2)
[20] = (numV - 2)
```

Answers

```
1.
 (define-type Weed
    (leaf)
    (stem [rest : Weed])
    (branch [left : Weed]
            [right : Weed]))
2.
 (define (weed-forks [w : Weed]) : Number
    (type-case Weed w
     [(leaf) 0]
     [(stem rest) (weed-forks rest)]
     [(branch 1 r) (+ 1
                       (+ (weed-forks 1)
                          (weed-forks r)))]))
 (test (weed-forks (leaf))
        0)
 (test (weed-forks (stem (leaf)))
        0)
 (test (weed-forks (stem (branch (leaf) (leaf))))
        1)
 (test (weed-forks (branch (branch (leaf) (leaf)))
        2)
3. (list (cell 2 (boxV 1)) (cell 1 (numV 3)))
4. (list (cell 2 (numV 5)) (cell 1 (numV 4)) (cell 1 (numV 3)))
5. (list (cell 1 (boxV 2)) (cell 2 (numV 1)) (cell 1 (numV 0)))
6. (list (cell 1 (boxV 1)) (cell 1 (numV 10)))
7. Step [4] should have a 1 instead of 3: (interp (parse `1) mt-env).
8. Correct.
9. Correct.
10. The body expression \{+ x 1\} should not be interped. Step [4] should be
```

```
(interp (parse `f)
      (extend-env (bind 'f V1)
      mt-env))
```

11. Correct.

12. Step 10 should have mt-env in place of E1.