Question #1: What is the value of the following expression?

{+ 1 2}

Wrong answer: 0

Wrong answer: 42

Answer: 3

Question #2: What is the value of the following expression?

```
{+ fun 17 8}
```

Wrong answer: error

Answer: Trick question! {+ fun 17 8} is not an expression

Language Grammar for Quiz

```
<MFAE> ::= <num>
           true
           false
           {+ <MFAE> <MFAE>}
           {- <MFAE> <MFAE>}
           {= <MFAE> <MFAE>}
           <id>
           {fun {<id>*} <MFAE>}
           {<MFAE> <MFAE>*}
           {if <MFAE> <MFAE> <MFAE>}
```

Question #3: Is the following an expression?

```
{{fun {} 1} 7}
```

Wrong answer: **No**

Answer: **Yes** (according to our grammar)

```
Question #4: What is the value of the following
 expression?
                 {{fun {} 1} 7}
 Answer: I (according to some interpreters)
But no real language would accept { fun { } 1 } 7 }
Let's agree to call { fun { } 1 } 7 } an
ill-formed expression because {fun {} 1} should
be used with only zero arguments
Let's agree to never evaluate ill-formed expressions
```

Question #5: What is the value of the following expression?

```
{{fun {} 1} 7}
```

Answer: **None** — the expression is ill-formed

Question #6: Is the following a well-formed expression?

```
{+ {fun {} 1} 8}
```

Answer: Yes

Question #7: What is the value of the following expression?

```
{+ {fun {} 1} 8}
```

Answer: **None** — it produces an error:

+: expects a numV, given a closureV

Let's agree that a **fun** expression cannot be inside a + form

Question #8: Is the following a well-formed expression?

```
{+ {fun {} 1} 8}
```

Answer: No

Question #9: Is the following a well-formed expression?

```
\{+ \{\{\mathbf{fun} \ \{\mathbf{x}\} \ \mathbf{x}\} \ 7\} \ 5\}
```

Answer: Depends on what we meant by *inside* in our most recent agreement

- Anywhere inside **No**
- Immediately inside **Yes**

Since our intrepreter produces 12, and since that result makes sense, let's agree on immediately inside

Question #10: Is the following a well-formed expression?

```
{+ {{fun {x} x} {fun {y} y}} 5}
```

Answer: Yes, but we don't want it to be!

Question #11: Is it possible to define **well-formed** (as a decidable property) so that we reject all expressions that produce errors?

Answer: **Yes**: reject all expressions!

Question #12: Is it possible to define **well-formed** (as a decidable property) so that we reject *only* expressions that produce errors?

Answer: No

```
{+ 1 {if ... 1 {fun {x} x}}}
```

If we always knew whether . . . produces true or false, we could solve the halting problem

Types

Solution to our dilemma:

In the process of rejecting expressions that are certainly bad, also reject some expressions that are good

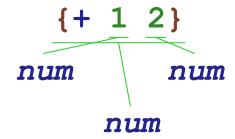
Overall strategy:

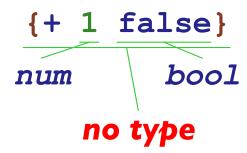
- Assign a type to each expression without evaluating
- Compute the type of a complex expression based on the types of its subexpressions

Types

1 : num

true : bool



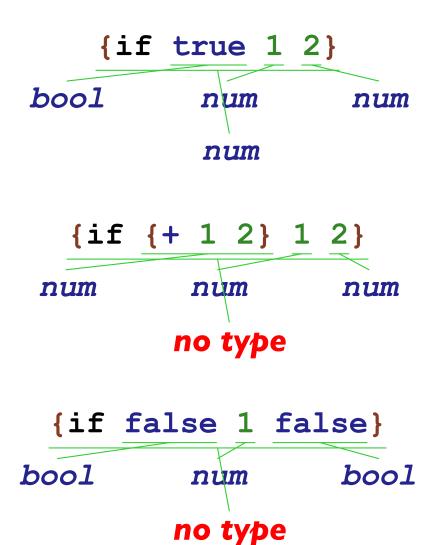


Type Rules

<num> : num $\langle MFAE \rangle_1$: num $\langle MFAE \rangle_2$: num true : bool $\{+ \langle MFAE \rangle_1 \langle MFAE \rangle_2\} : num$ false : bool 1 : num true : bool 1 : num 2 : num $\{+12\}: num$ 1 : num false : bool {+ 1 false} : no type

Type Rules

Types: Conditionals



Conditional Type Rules

```
\langle MFAE \rangle_1 : bool \langle MFAE \rangle_2 : \langle type \rangle_0 \langle MFAE \rangle_3 : \langle type \rangle_0
          \{if < MFAE >_1 < MFAE >_2 < MFAE >_3\} : < type >_0
      true : bool 1 : num 2 : num
                 {if true 1 2} : num
     \{+12\}: num 1: num 2: num
             \{if \{+12\} 12\} : no type
  false : bool 1 : num false : bool
           {if false 1 false} : no type
```

Types: Variables and Functions

```
x: no type
     {fun {x : bool} x}
                bool
          (bool \rightarrow bool)
{fun {x : bool} {if x 1 2}}
        bool
                    num
                               num
                num
          (bool \rightarrow num)
```

Variable and Function Type Rules

Variable and Function Type Rules

```
[ ... < id> \leftarrow \tau ... ] \vdash < id> : \tau
                                    \Gamma[\langle id \rangle \leftarrow \tau_1] \vdash e : \tau_2
                   \Gamma \vdash \{\text{fun } \{\langle \text{id} \rangle : \tau_1\} \in \} : (\tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2)
                                         \emptyset \vdash \mathbf{x} : \mathbf{notype}
                                  [x\leftarrow bool] \vdash x : bool
           \emptyset \vdash \{\text{fun } \{x : \text{bool}\} \ x\} : (\text{bool} \rightarrow \text{bool})
[x\leftarrow bool] \vdash x : bool [x\leftarrow bool] \vdash 1 : num [x\leftarrow bool] \vdash 2 : num
                                 [x \leftarrow bool] \vdash \{if x 1 2\} : num
                \emptyset \vdash \{\text{fun } \{x : \text{bool}\} \{\text{if } x \ 1 \ 2\}\} : (bool \rightarrow num)
```

Revised Rules

```
\Gamma \vdash \langle num \rangle : num
                                 \Gamma \vdash \mathsf{true} : bool
                                \Gamma + false : bool
                 \Gamma \vdash \mathbf{e}_1 : num \qquad \Gamma \vdash \mathbf{e}_2 : num
                             \Gamma \vdash \{+ e_1 e_2\} : num
\Gamma \vdash \mathbf{e}_1 : bool \Gamma \vdash \mathbf{e}_2 : \tau_0 \Gamma \vdash \mathbf{e}_3 : \tau_0
                           \Gamma \vdash \{ \text{if } \mathbf{e}_1 \ \mathbf{e}_2 \ \mathbf{e}_3 \} : \tau_0
```

Types: Function Calls

```
{{fun {x : bool} {if x 1 2}} true}
        (bool \rightarrow num)
                         bool
                   num
 {{fun {x : bool} {if x 1 2}} 5}
        (bool \rightarrow num) num
                 no type
                 {7 5}
             num
                       num
                 no type
```

Function Call Type Rule

```
\Gamma \vdash \mathbf{e}_1 : (\tau_2 \rightarrow \tau_3) \qquad \Gamma \vdash \mathbf{e}_2 : \tau_2
                                                  \Gamma \vdash \{\mathbf{e}_1 \ \mathbf{e}_2\} : \tau_3
\emptyset \vdash \{\text{fun } \{x : \text{bool}\} \{\text{if } x \ 1 \ 2\}\} : (bool \rightarrow num) \qquad \emptyset \vdash \text{true } : bool
                      \emptyset \vdash \{\{\text{fun } \{x : \text{bool}\} \{\text{if } x \ 1 \ 2\}\} \text{ true}\} : num
    \emptyset \vdash \{\text{fun } \{x : \text{bool}\} \{\text{if } x \ 1 \ 2\}\} : (bool \rightarrow num) \qquad \emptyset \vdash 5 : num
                      \emptyset \vdash \{\{\text{fun } \{x : \text{bool}\} \{\text{if } x \ 1 \ 2\}\} \} \} : \text{no type}
                               \varnothing \vdash 7 : num \qquad \varnothing \vdash 5 : num
                                            \emptyset \vdash \{7 \ 5\} : no type
```

Types: Multiple Arguments

```
\{fun \{x : num y : num\} \{+ x y\}\}
                                    num
                                                num
                           num
                  (num num \rightarrow num)
\{\{\text{fun } \{x : \text{num } y : \text{num}\} \{+ x y\}\} \}  5 6
     (num num \rightarrow num)
                                  num
                                               num
                           num
 \{\{\text{fun } \{x : \text{num } y : \text{num}\} \{+ x y\}\} \}
            (num num \rightarrow num) num
                         no type
```

Revised Function and Call Rules