Simulating a Web Server

HTTP protocol is like calling a function:

```
(define total 0)

(define (a)
  `(("Current value:" ,total)
    "Call a2 to add 2"
    "Call a3 to add 3"))

(define (a2)
  (set! total (+ total 2))
  (a))

(define (a3)
  (set! total (+ total 3))
  (a))
```
Simulating a Web Server

Stateless variant is functions with arguments:

\[
\begin{align*}
(\text{define } (b) & \quad (\text{do-b } 0) \\
(\text{define } (\text{do-b total}) & \quad (("Current value:" ,total) \\
& \quad "Call b2 with " ,total " to add 2" \\
& \quad "Call b3 with " ,total " to add 3")) \\
(\text{define } (b2 total) & \quad (\text{do-b (+ total 2)}) \\
(\text{define } (b3 total) & \quad (\text{do-b (+ total 3)})
\end{align*}
\]
Simulating a Web Server

For complex data, use \texttt{remember} and \texttt{lookup} to make a simple key:

\begin{verbatim}
(define (c)
  (do-c "*"))

(define (do-c total)
  (local [(define key (remember total))]
    `(("Current value:" ,total)
      "Call c2 with " ,key " to append "hello"
      "Call c3 with " ,key " to append "goodbye")))

(define (c2 key)
  (do-c (string-append (lookup key) " hello")))

(define (c3 key)
  (do-c (string-append (lookup key) " goodbye")))
\end{verbatim}
Simulating a Web Server

(define table empty)

(define (remember v)
  (local [(define n (length table))]
    (begin
      (set! table (append table
                     (list v))
        n)))

(define (lookup key)
  (list-ref table key))
Direct Interactive Programs

But normally we write code more like this:

```scheme
(define (d)
  (do-d 0))

(define (do-d total)
  (begin
    (printf "Total is \nAdd 2 next?\n" total)
    (do-d (+ total
      (if (read) 2 3))))))
```
Direct Interactive Programs

Or like this:

```
(define (f)
  (do-f 0))

(define (num-read prompt)
  (begin
    (printf "~a\n" prompt)
    (read)))

(define (do-f total)
  (do-f (+ (num-read
    (format "Total is ~a\nNext number...\n" total))
          total)))
```

We’d like to have a `web-read`...
Interactive Web Programs

Can we make this work?

```
(define (g)
  (do-g 0))

(define (web-read prompt)
  `(,
    ,prompt
    "To continue ..."))

(define (do-g total)
  ... (web-read
       (format "Total is ~a\nNext number...\n" total))
  ...)
```

web-read should not be specific to g
Interactive Web Programs

(define (g)
  (do-g 0))

(define (web-read prompt)
  (local [(define key (remember ...))]
    (,prompt
      "To continue, call resume with" ,key "and value")))

(define (resume key val)
  ...)

(define (do-g total)
  ... (web-read
    (format "Total is ~a\nNext number...\n" total))
  ...)

What should we remember?
Interactive Web Programs

(define (g)
  (do-g 0))

(define (web-read prompt total do-g)
  (local [(define key (remember (list total do-g)))]
    `(,
      prompt
      "To continue, call resume with" ,key "and value")))

(define (resume key val)
  (local [(define l (lookup key))]
    (first l) ... (second l) ... val ...))

(define (do-g total)
  (web-read
    (format "Total is ~a\nNext number...\n" total)
    total
do-g))

How should (second l) and val be combined?
(define (g)
  (do-g 0))

(define (web-read/k prompt cont)
  (local [((define key (remember cont))]
    `(prompt
      "To continue, call resume/k with" ,key "and value")))

(define (resume/k key val)
  (local [((define cont (lookup key))]
    (cont val))

(define (do-g total)
  (web-read/k
    (format "Total is ~a\nNext number...\n" total)
    (lambda (val)
      (do-g (+ total val)))))
(define (h)
  (+ (num-read "first number")
      (num-read "second-number")))

⇒

(define (h)
  (web-read/k "First number"
    (lambda (v1)
      (web-read/k "Second number"
        (lambda (v2)
          (+ v1 v2)))))))

But what if we want to use h twice (to add two pairs of numbers)?
Interactive Web Programs

(define (h)
  (+ (num-read "first number")
      (num-read "second-number"))))

(define (i)
  ; works fine
  (begin (h) (h)))

(define (h)
  (web-read/k "First number"
    (lambda (v1)
      (web-read/k "Second number"
        (lambda (v2)
          (+ v1 v2))))))

(define (i)
  ; first call is useless
  (begin (h) (h)))
Continuation-Passing Style

If a function uses `web-read/k`, then to make it composable, it must always take a continuation

```
(define (h) (do-h identity))
(define (do-h cont)
  (web-read/k "First number"
    (lambda (v1)
      (web-read/k "Second number"
        (lambda (v2)
          (cont (+ v1 v2)))))))

(define (i) (do-i identity))
(define (do-i cont)
  (do-h (lambda (sum)
    ; web-pause/k is like web-read/k,
    ; but with no particular result
    (web-pause/k sum
      (lambda ()
        (do-h cont))))))
```
Continuation-Passing Style

(define (web-pause/k prompt cont)
  (local ((define key (remember cont)))
    `(~,prompt
      "To continue, call p-resume/k with" ,key)))

(define (p-resume/k key)
  ((lookup key)))